

Usamos **'To have/get something done'** cuando queremos significar que alguien hace algo por alguien, alguien encarga hacer algo, o se le hace algo a alguien.

Se forma con **have + noun + past participle**

TENSE	HAVE/GET SOMETHING DONE
Present Simple	I <i>have/get</i> my hair <i>cut</i> .
Past Simple	I <i>had/got</i> my hair <i>cut</i> .
Present Continuous	I'm <i>having/getting</i> my hair <i>cut</i> .
Past Continuous	I <i>was having/getting</i> my hair <i>cut</i> .
Present Perfect	I <i>have had</i> my hair <i>cut</i> .
Past Perfect	I <i>had had</i> my hair <i>cut</i> .
will	I <i>will have</i> my hair <i>cut</i> .
must	I <i>must have</i> my hair <i>cut</i> .
be going to	I'm <i>going to have</i> my hair <i>cut</i> .

They repaired their car. (they did it themselves)

They **had their car repaired**. (they arranged for someone to repair it)

I cut my hair yesterday. (I cut it myself)

I **had my hair cut** yesterday. (I went to the hairdresser)

We also use causative **have** when someone does something **to us**.

Bill **had his money stolen** by a thief.

- Liz and Meg **are having their hair dyed**.

Liz y Meg se están haciendo teñir el pelo.

- Mr. Singer always **has his suits made** at the tailor's shop.

El señor Singer siempre se hace hacer los trajes en la sastrería.

- Jake **had his groceries delivered** two hours ago.

Le trajeron las compras a Jake hace dos horas.

- We **had our house burgled** last weekend.

El fin de semana pasado entraron a nuestra casa a robar.

- Diane **has had her printer cartridges refilled**.

Diane hizo recargar los cartuchos de su impresora.

- We **just had our house fumigated**.

Habíamos acabado de hacer fumigar la casa.

- You **should have your eyes checked**.

Deberías hacerte revisar los ojos.

- Jenny **will have her ears pierced**.

Jenny se va a hacer perforar las orejas.

También se puede usar el **get** en lugar del **have** en contextos más informales

- I usually **get my hair done** at Luigi's.

Generalmente me peino en lu de Luigi.

- Martin **got his tonsils removed** yesterday.

A Martin le extirparon las amígdalas ayer.

- You **must get this pipe fixed** as soon as possible.

Debes hacer arreglar esta cañería lo antes posible.

## EXERCISES

Match a word from 1-8 with something that is done by that person or in that place. Then make sentences using all the information and the verb in brackets.

You may have to change the words or add new ones. An example is given.

1. hairdresser's ---f	a) vaccinate dogs (have)
2. optician's	b) do annual accounts (have)
3. dentist's	c) service cars (get)
4. doctor's	d) test eyes (have)
5. vet's	e) design new houses (have)
6. garage	f) cut hair (get)
7. architect	g) take out teeth (have)
8. accountant	h) take blood pressure

### Example:

1. Tomorrow *I'm going to the hairdresser's to get my hair cut.*
2. Yesterday...
3. This afternoon...
4. Last week...
5. Next Saturday...
6. The day before yesterday...
7. Last year...
8. Next week...

**Fill in the gaps using the correct tense of have or get and the words in brackets, add possessive adjectives if necessary.**

1. She needs to ..... (car/ repair).
2. I'm going ..... at the new hairdresser's (hair/cut).
3. I really must ..... (the central heating/fix).
4. They ought ..... (the broken windows/ replace).
5. He ..... while he was away on holiday (flat/ burgle).
6. I ..... after I dropped it (phone repair).
7. She ..... on the underground last week (purse/steal).
8. He ..... to his home address yesterday (tickets send).
9. I .....if I could afford it (the house redecorate).
10. He ..... onto the train by a porter (bags load).
11. I ..... a fortnight ago (car/service).

### Rewrite these sentences using *have* or *get*.

1. The mechanic changed the oil in my car.

2. The hairdresser cut my hair in a completely different style.

3. A decorator has repainted our house.

4. A friend of mine, who's an electrician, is going to repair my DVD player next week.

5. My jacket is being cleaned at a specialist cleaner's.